

# Three-Story House (Costa's Levels of Questioning)



o better understand the content being presented in their core subject areas, it is essential for students to learn to think critically and to ask higher levels of questions. By asking higher levels of questions, students deepen their knowledge and create connections to the material being presented, which in turn prepares them for the inquiry that occurs in tutorials. Students need to be familiar with Costa's (and/or Bloom's) levels of questioning to assist them in formulating and identifying higher levels of questions.

*Directions:* Read the poem below and review the "Three House Story" on the next page. Both set the stage for Costa's Levels of Questioning.

One- Two- Three-Story Intellect Poem

There are one-story intellects,
two-story intellects,
and three-story intellects with skylights.

All fact collectors who have no aim beyond their facts are one-story people.

Two-story people compare, reason, generalize, using the labor of fact collectors as their own.

Three-story people idealize, imagine, predict—their best illumination comes through the skylight.

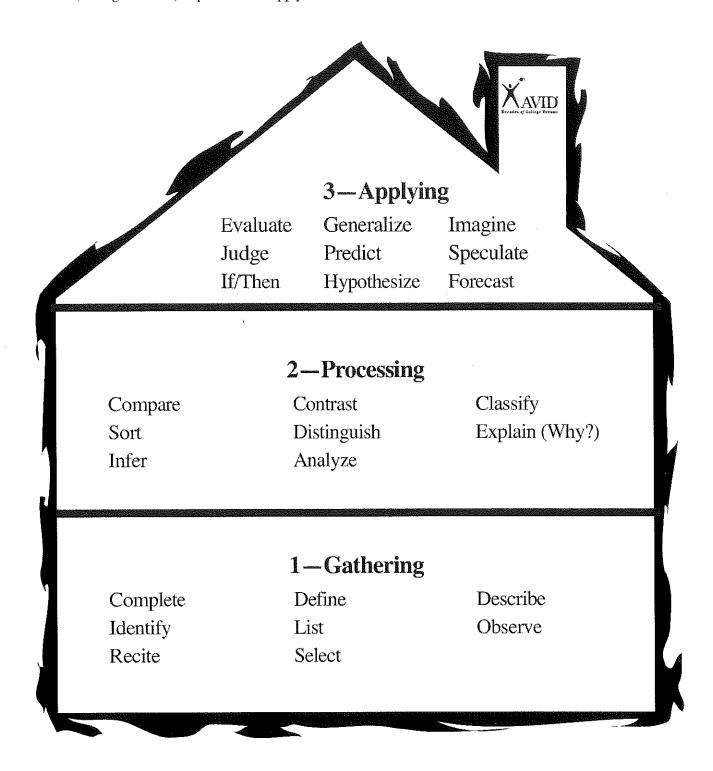
Adapted from a quotation by Oliver Wendell Holmes

## **The Three-Story House**

Level 1 (the lowest level) requires one to gather information.

Level 2 (the middle level) requires one to process the information.

Level 3 (the highest level) requires one to apply the information.





# Vocabulary: Costa's Levels of Thinking and Questioning



#### LEVEL I

Remember	,
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Define Repeat Name List State Describe

Recall Memorize Label Match Identify Record

### Show

Understanding

Give examples Restate Discuss Express

Rewrite Recognize Explain Report

Review Locate Find Paraphrase Tell Extend Summarize Generalize

#### LEVEL 2

Use

Understanding

Dramatize
Practice
Operate
Imply
Apply

Use Compute Schedule Relate Illustrate Translate Change Pretend Discover Solve

Interpret Prepare Demonstrate Infer

Examine

Diagram
Distinguish
Compare
Contrast
Divide

Question Inventory Categorize Outline Debate Analyze
Differentiate
Select
Separate
Point out

Criticize Experiment Break down Discriminate

#### Create

Compose Design Propose Combine Construct Draw Arrange Suppose Formulate Organize Plan Compile Revise Write Devise

Modify
Assemble
Prepare
Generate

#### LEVEL 3

Decide

Judge Value Predict Evaluate

answer.

Rate Justify Decide Measure Choose Assess Select Estimate

Conclude Summarize

Supportive Evidence

Prove your answer. Support your

Give reasons for your answer.

Explain your answer. Why or why not?

Why do you feel that way?

### Costa's Levels of Questioning: English

# LEVEL 1 What information is given? Locate in the story where... When did the event take place? Point to the... List the... Name the... Where did...? What is...? Who was/were...? Illustrate the part of the story that... Make a map of... What is the origin of the word What events led to \_\_\_\_\_?

LEVEL 2
What would happen to you if
Would you have done the same thing as?
What occurs when?
Compare and contrast to to
What other ways could be interpreted?
What is the main idea of the story (event)?
What information supports your explanation?
What was the message in this piece (event)?
Give me an example of
Describe in your own words what means.
What does suggest about's character?
What lines of the poem express the poet's feelings about?
What is the author trying to prove? What evidence does he present?

LEVELS
Design a to show
Predict what will happen to as is changed.
Write a new ending to the story (event)
Describe the events that might occur if
Add something new on your own that was not in the story
Pretend you are
What would the world be like if?
Pretend you are a character in the story. Rewrite the episode from your point of view.
What do you think will happen to? Why?
What is most compelling to you in this? Why?
Could this story have really happened? Why or why not?
If you were there, would you?
How would you solve this problem in your life?